Question 1. (7 points)

Encircle your answers of the following questions: (0.7 point each)

T= True;	F= False	&	N.O.A = None Of the Above

1- A register is mainly used for shifting and storing data

a) F b) T

2- A ROM can be viewed as a programmable AND/OR array in which the AND plane is programmed as a full decoder.

a) F b) T

3- Assume that, an active LOW SR flip-flop is used; the output Q is equal to 0 when R=1 and S=0.

a) F b) T

4- How many flip-flops are required to count up to 100_{10}

a) 7 b) 10 c) 5 d) 20 e) N.O.A

5- The output in Mealy Machine is changed only when the clock edge-triggering has occurred.

a) F b) T

6- If a 50 MHz frequency is applied to the input CLOCK of a JK flip-flop with J=K=1, what will the frequency be at the output Q?

a) 50 MHz b) 25MHz c) 12.5 MHz d) 100 MHz e) N.O.A

7- Sequential circuits contain memory and combinational circuits do not.

a) F b) T

8- When a J-K flip-flop is constructed from SR flip-flop, which one of the following is true?

a) S= J.Q and R= K+J.Q' b) S= J and R= K + Q'

c) S= J.Q and R= K.Q' d) S= J.Q' and R= K.Q e) N.O.A

9- An asynchronous circuit doesn't need a CLOCK

a) F b) T

10- A J-K flip-flop is implemented using only

a) AND gates b) OR gates c) NAND gates d) NOR gates

Question 2. (7 points)

Design a combinational circuit that can realize the following algorithm, using only (two or three) 2:1 Multiplexers, two Full Adders, and two inverters; VCC (5 V) and GND (0V) can be used in this design.

```
Begin (algo.)
        IF Sel = 1 then
                Out = A+B
        Else
                Out = A-B
End (Algo.)
```

Note: A, B and Out are 2 bits each.

Question 3. (7 points)

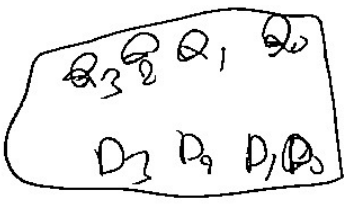
A certain country is ruled by family of four members, **A, B, C** and **D**. **A** has 25 votes, **B** has 40 votes **C** has 15 votes and **D** has 10 votes. Any decision taken by the family is based on its receiving at least 60% of the total number of votes. Design a combinational circuit that will produce on output of 1 if a certain motion is approved by the family.

Input				Output
A	**B**	**C**	**D**	**Decision**

Question 4. (7 points)

Show how to modify the internal circuit of the shift register (seen in class and home work), to load, or rotate left/right according to the following table.
Hint: This shift register is composed of 4 MUXs and 4 D Flip-Flops.

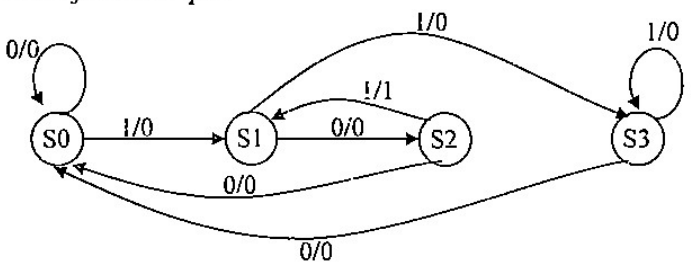
Input		Next State				Action
A	B	Q3+	Q2+	Q1+	Q0+	
0	0	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q0	No change
0	1	Q0	Q3	Q2	Q1	Rotate Right
1	0	Q2	Q1	Q0	Q3	Rotate left
1	1	D3	D2	D1	D0	Load



Question 5. (7 points)

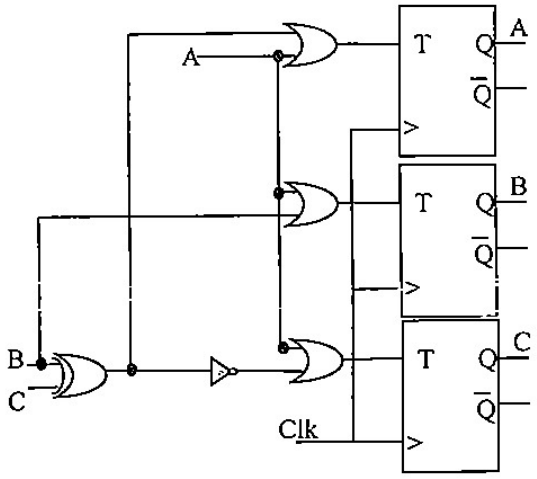
Referring to following state diagram, construct the state table and design the circuit using D flip-flops. Is it a Moore or Mealy machine? What does this design detect?
Hint: find the next state expression for each input.

S0=00
S1=01
S2=10
S3=11



Question 6 (7 points)

Draw the sequence(s) of the following circuit (counter). Assume that T flip-flops are rising edge-triggered and that all flip-flops are initially cleared and have delays. Show all calculations to receive full credits.



C	B	A	C^+	B^+	A^+

Use k-map if needed

	0	1
00		
01		
11		
10		

	0	1
00		
01		
11		
10		

	0	1
00		
01		
11		
10		

	0	1
00		
01		
11		
10		

Bonus. (4 points)

Find, when the inputs enable (EN) is ON of Tri-State Buffer and Latch?
What does the following system do?
Hint: 3:8 Decoder is enable when E1=E2=0 and E3=1.
3:8 Decoder is an active low, example O1=0 when A2=A1=A0=0; and O3=O2=O1=1
IOW: Input/Output Write
IOW: Input/Output Read